



THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

Towards Agile Security Assurance

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Outline

- Problem
- Contribution
- Conventional assurance & agile methods
- Solution
- Summary

Problem

Mismatch between

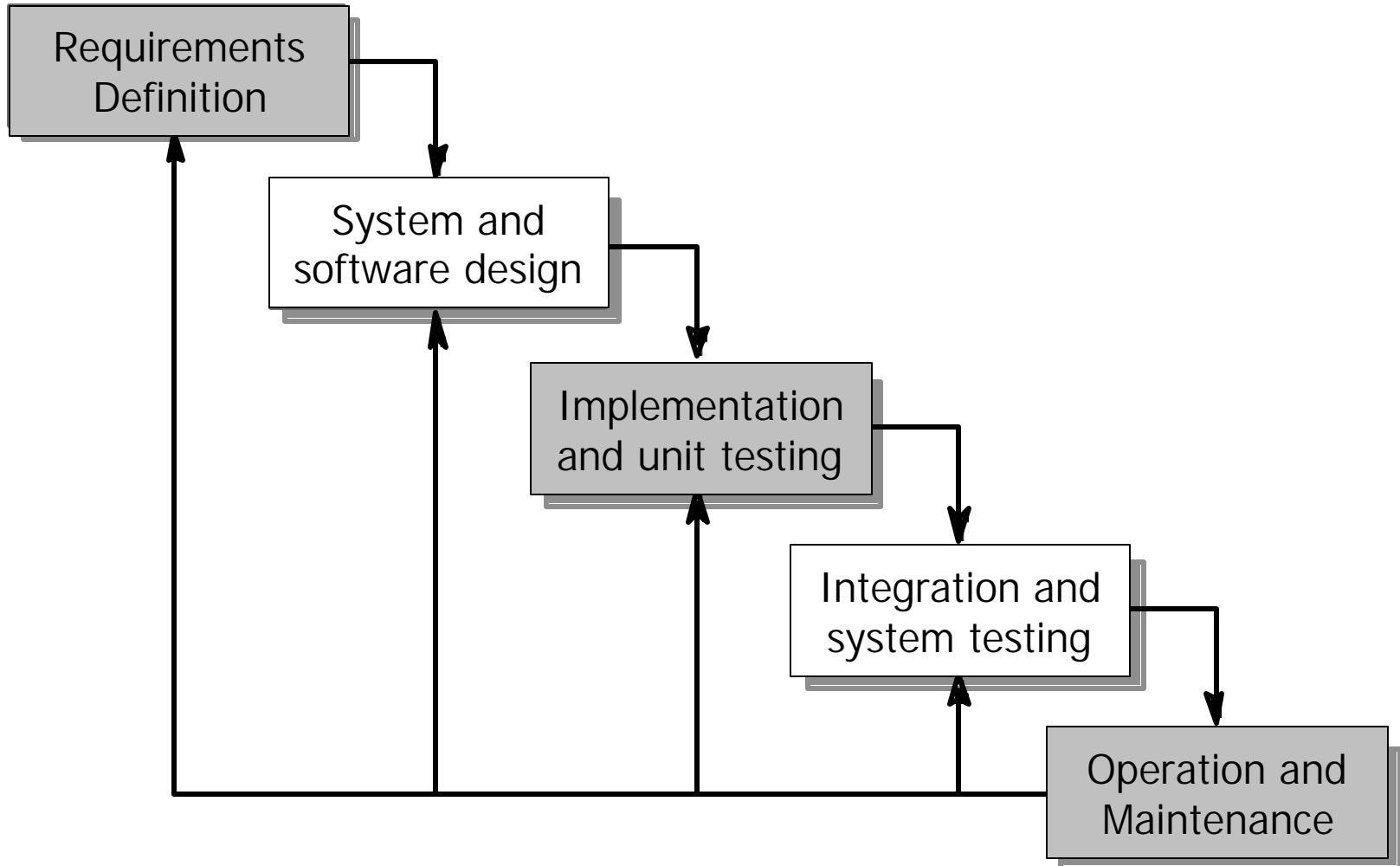
- **agile methodologies** for software development
- **conventional methods for security assurance**

Hard to assure with agile development

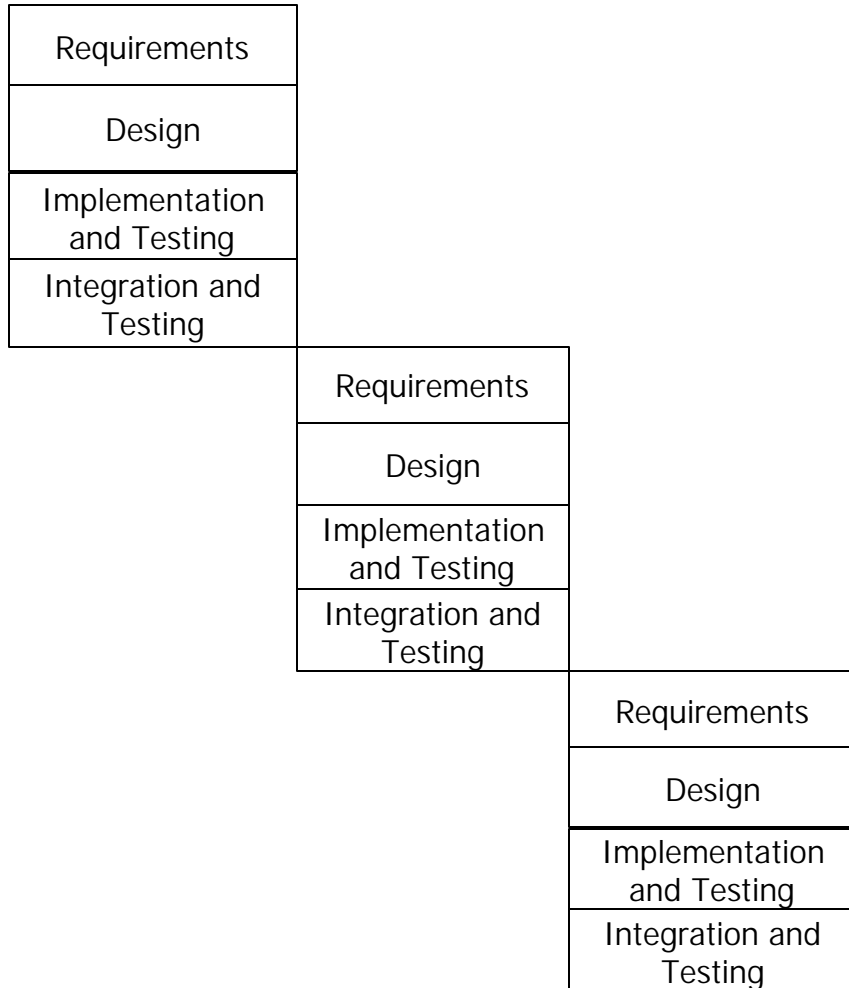
Contribution

1. **examine** the **mismatch** between agile and security assurance methods
2. **classify** conventional security **assurance** depending on the **degree of clash**
3. suggest **ways** of **alleviating** the **conflict**

What's Waterfall Development?

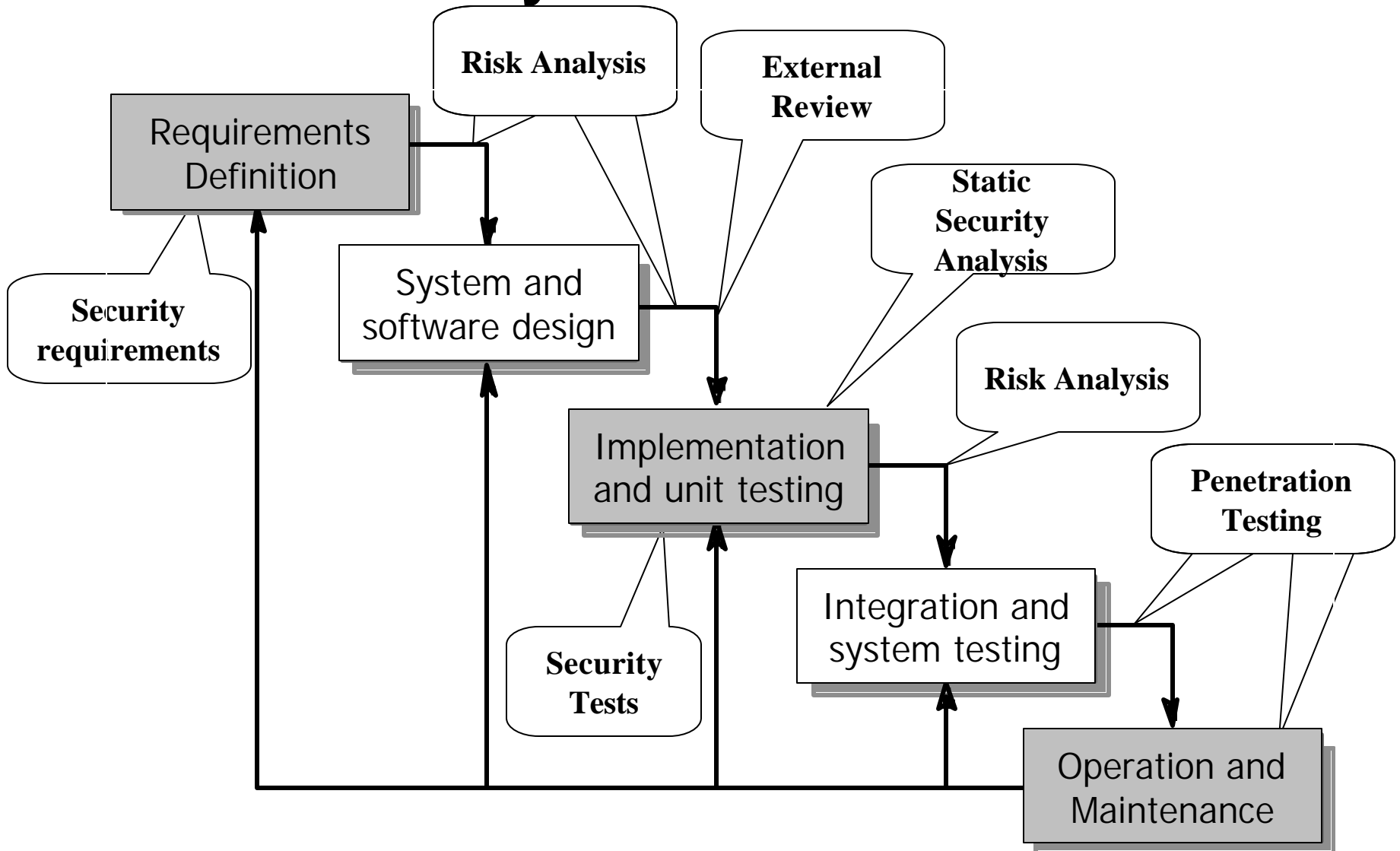


What's Agile Development?



- Characteristics
 - Iterative lifecycle
 - Requirements and design emergence
 - Direct communication
 - Tacit knowledge
- Sample methodologies
 - Crystal
 - Adaptive Development
 - Feature-driven Development
 - Scrum
 - Lean Software Development
 - XP

What's Conventional Security Assurance About?



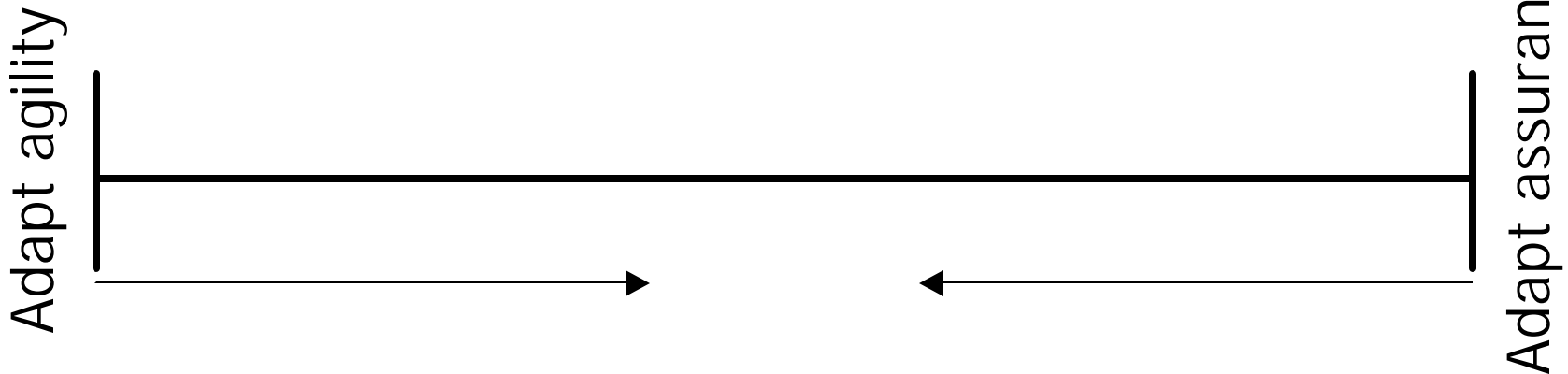
Adapted from

Why is addressing the mismatch **important**?

- More security-critical software
- Agile methods are there to stay

Solution(s)?

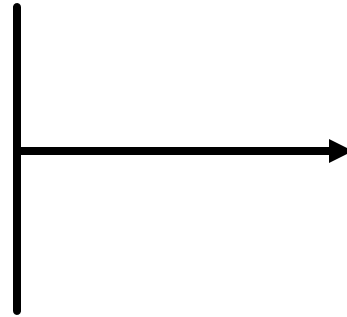
If the mountain will not go to Mahomet,
let Mahomet go to the mountain. (proverb)



Examination Results

Assurance relies on **third party**

- reviews
- evaluation
- testing



Points of clash

1. **direct** communication and **tacit** knowledge
2. **iterative** lifecycle
3. design **refactoring**
4. **testing** "philosophy"

(Mis)match Classification

1. Natural **Match**

e.g., pair programming ♥ internal review & coding standards

2. Methodology-**neutral**

e.g., language (e.g., Java, C# vs. C, C++),
version control and change tracking

3. Can be (semi-)**automated**

e.g., code static analysis,
security testing/scanning

4. **Mismatch** (~ 50%)

e.g., external review, analysis,
testing, validation change authorization



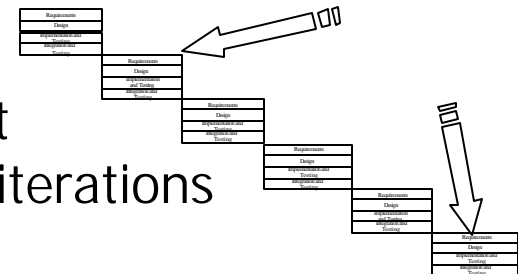
Alleviating the Mismatch

For (semi)-automatable

- **Increase** acceptance through **tools**
- **Codify** security **knowledge** in tools
 - automated fault injection, test generation

For mismatching

- Search for new **agile-friendly assurance** methods
 - **direct** communication and **tacit** knowledge
 - **iterative** lifecycle
 - design **refactoring**
 - **testing** “philosophy”
- **Intermittent** assurance
 - apply at the first and last **iterations**
 - use the results to “**align**” the development
 - Have a **security engineer** involved in all iterations (Wäyrynen et al. 2004)



Summary

Problem

mismatch between agile development & security assurance

Contributions

1. **Examine** (pain points)
2. **Classify** assurance methods
3. **Alleviate** (tools, knowledge codification, new methods research, intermittent assurance)