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Integro: Leveraging Victim Prediction for Robust Fake Account Detection in OSNs

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Presented at NDSS'15, San Diego, Feb 2015

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Integro: Leveraging Victim Prediction for Robust Fake Account Detection in OSNs

Why is it important to detect fakes?

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Fake accounts are bad for business



CBC

CBCnews | Technology & Science

Facebook shares drop on news of fake accounts

83 million accounts false or duplicates, company reveals

The Associated Press | Posted: Aug 03, 2012 10:47 AM ET | Last Updated: Aug 03, 2012 2:11 PM ET

“... If advertisers, developers, or investors do not perceive our user metrics to be accurate representations of our user base, or if we discover material inaccuracies in our user metrics, our reputation may be harmed and advertisers and developers may be less willing to allocate their budgets or resources to Facebook, which could negatively affect our business and financial results...”

Fake accounts are bad for users

OSNs are attractive medium for abusive content



Social Infiltration

Connecting with many benign users (friend request spam)

Fake accounts are bad for users

OSNs are attractive medium for abusive content



Social Infiltration



Data collection



Online surveillance, profiling, and data commoditization

Fake accounts are bad for users

OSNs are attractive medium for abusive content



Social Infiltration



Data collection



Misinformation



Influencing users, biasing public opinion, propaganda

Fake accounts are bad for users

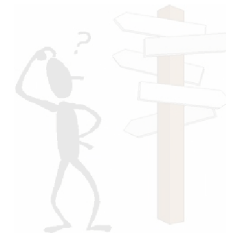
OSNs are attractive medium for abusive content



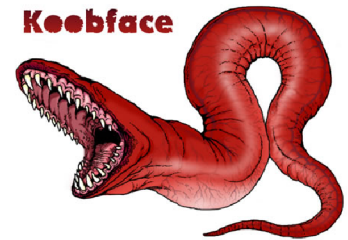
Social Infiltration



Data collection



Misinformation



Malware Infection



Infecting computers and use it for DDoS, spamming, and fraud

Fake accounts are bad for users

OSNs are attractive medium for abusive content

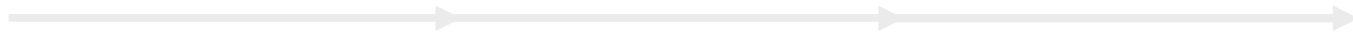
How do OSNs detect fakes today?

Social Infiltration

Data collection

Misinformation

Malware Infection



Infecting computers and use it for DDoS, spamming, and fraud

Feature-based detection

Interactions

Pictures

Friends

Triadic closure

Ad clicks

Posts

The image shows a screenshot of a Facebook profile page for Amanda Nelson. Several key features are highlighted with blue boxes and labeled with arrows:

- Interactions:** A blue box highlights the notification icons (1 and 3) in the top navigation bar.
- Pictures:** A blue box highlights the profile picture and the photo gallery below it.
- Friends:** A blue box highlights the 'Friends (84)' list on the left sidebar.
- Triadic closure:** A blue box highlights the 'People You May Know' section on the right, which suggests friends based on mutual connections.
- Ad clicks:** A blue box highlights the 'Sponsored' section on the right, which contains advertisements for Walmart, Macy's, and Louis Vuitton.
- Posts:** A blue box highlights the main content area containing posts from Lauren Ashley, Lawrence Wing, and Amanda Nelson.

Feature-based detection

Interactions

Pictures

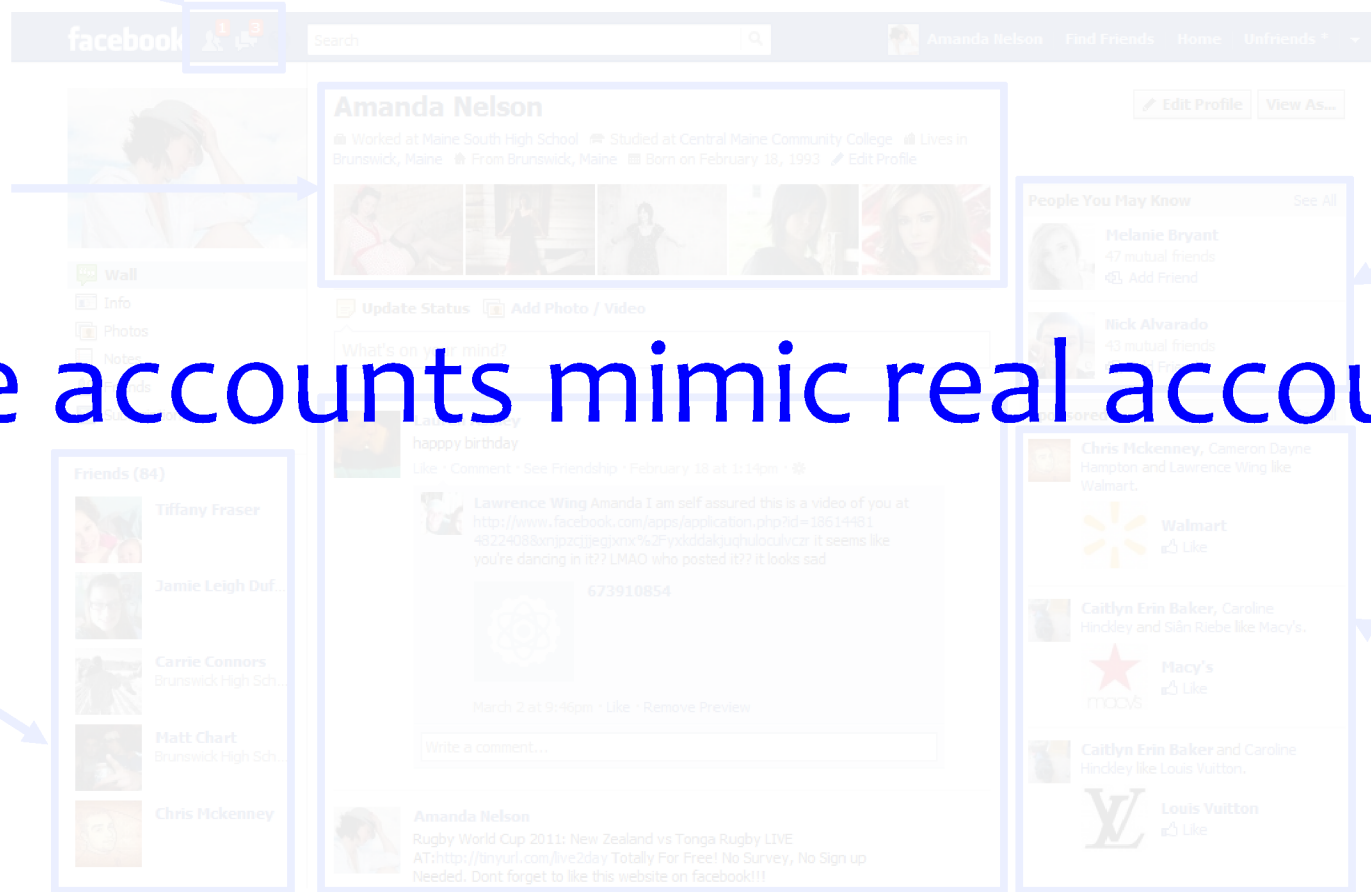
Friends

Triadic closure

Ad clicks

Posts

Fake accounts mimic real accounts



Feature-based detection is ineffective

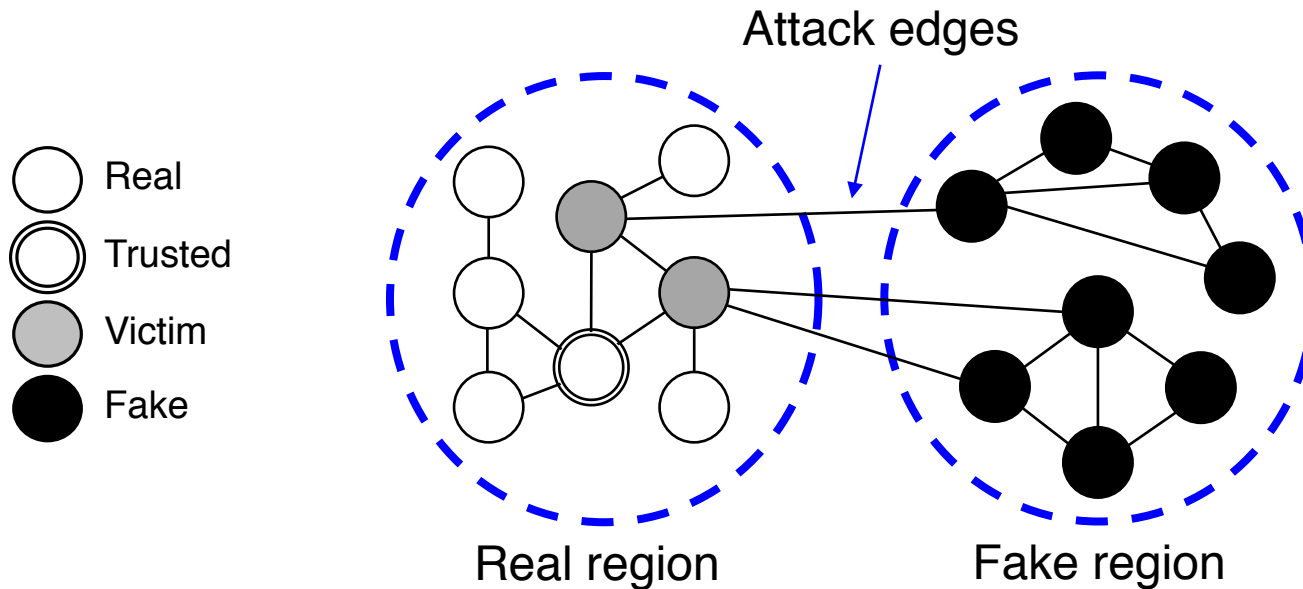
Only 20% of fakes were detected

The image shows a screenshot of a Facebook profile for Amanda Nelson. The profile includes a cover photo of a woman in a white shirt and a profile picture of the same woman. The bio states she worked at Maine South High School, studied at Central Maine Community College, and lives in Brunswick, Maine. A large red 'FAKE' watermark is superimposed over the profile. The main content area shows a post by Lauren Ashley celebrating a birthday, a post by Lawrence Wing with a video link, and a post by Amanda Nelson about the Rugby World Cup 2011. The right sidebar features 'People You May Know' with profiles for Melanie Bryant and Nick Alvarado, and 'Sponsored' ads for Walmart, Macy's, and Louis Vuitton. The left sidebar shows navigation options like Wall, Info, Photos, Notes, Friends, and Subscriptions, along with a list of friends including Tiffany Fraser, Jamie Leigh Duf..., Carrie Connors, Matt Chart, and Chris Mckenney.

All manually flagged by concerned users

Graph-based detection

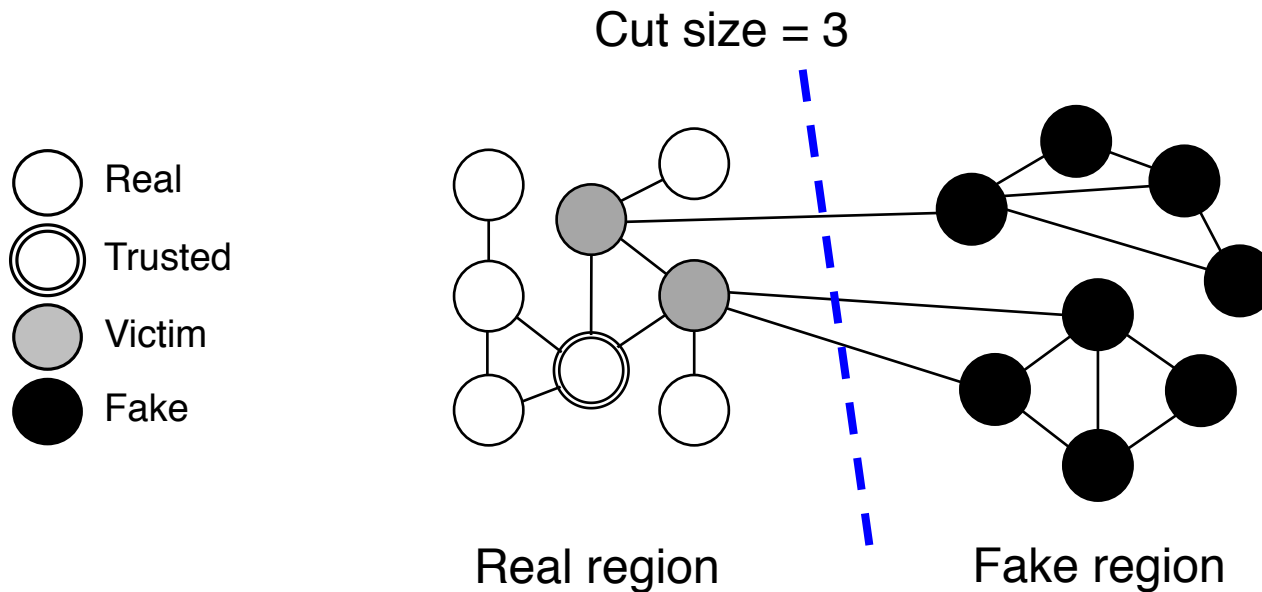
Assumes social infiltration on a large scale is infeasible



Finds a (provably) sparse cut between the regions by ranking

Graph-based detection

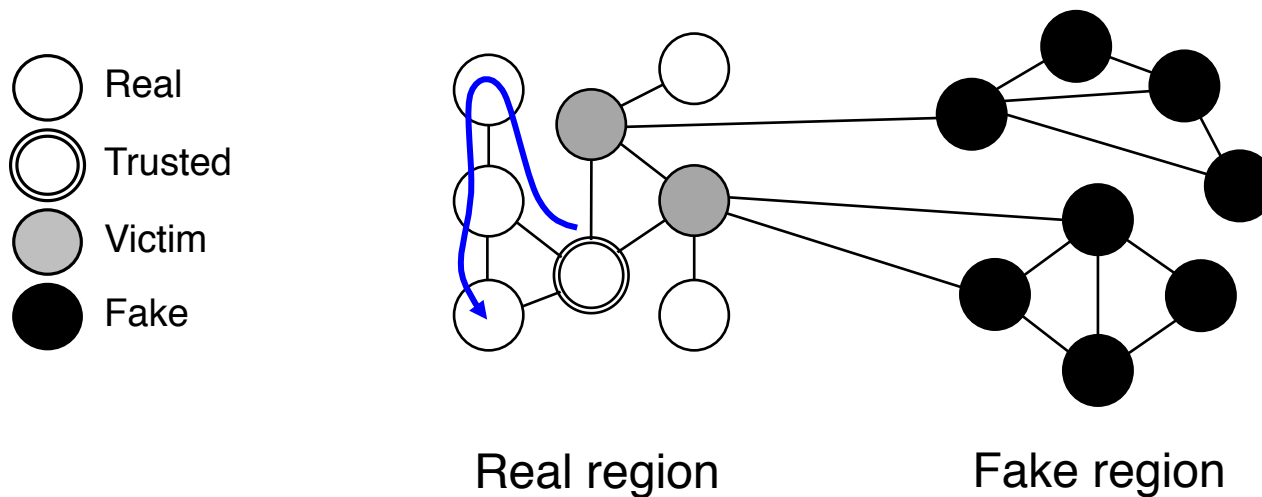
Assumes social infiltration on a large scale is infeasible



Finds a (provably) sparse cut between the regions by ranking

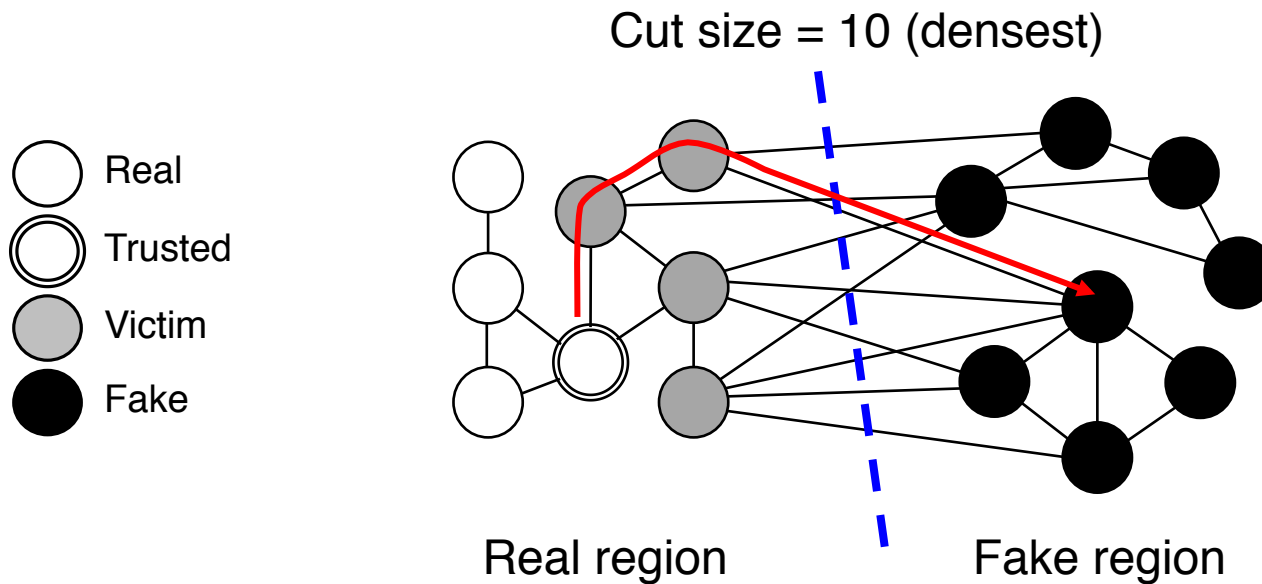
Graph-based detection

Ranks computed from landing probability of a short random walk



Most real accounts rank higher than fakes

Graph-based detection is not resilient to social infiltration



50% of fakes had more than 35 attack edges

Graph-based detection is not resilient to social infiltration

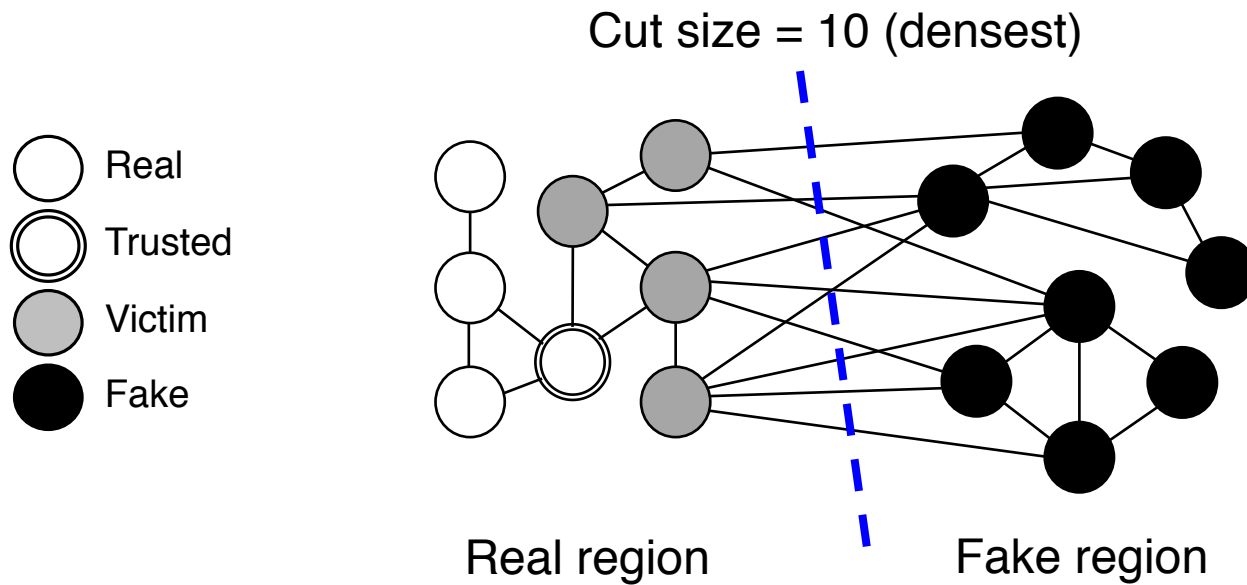
Can we do better?



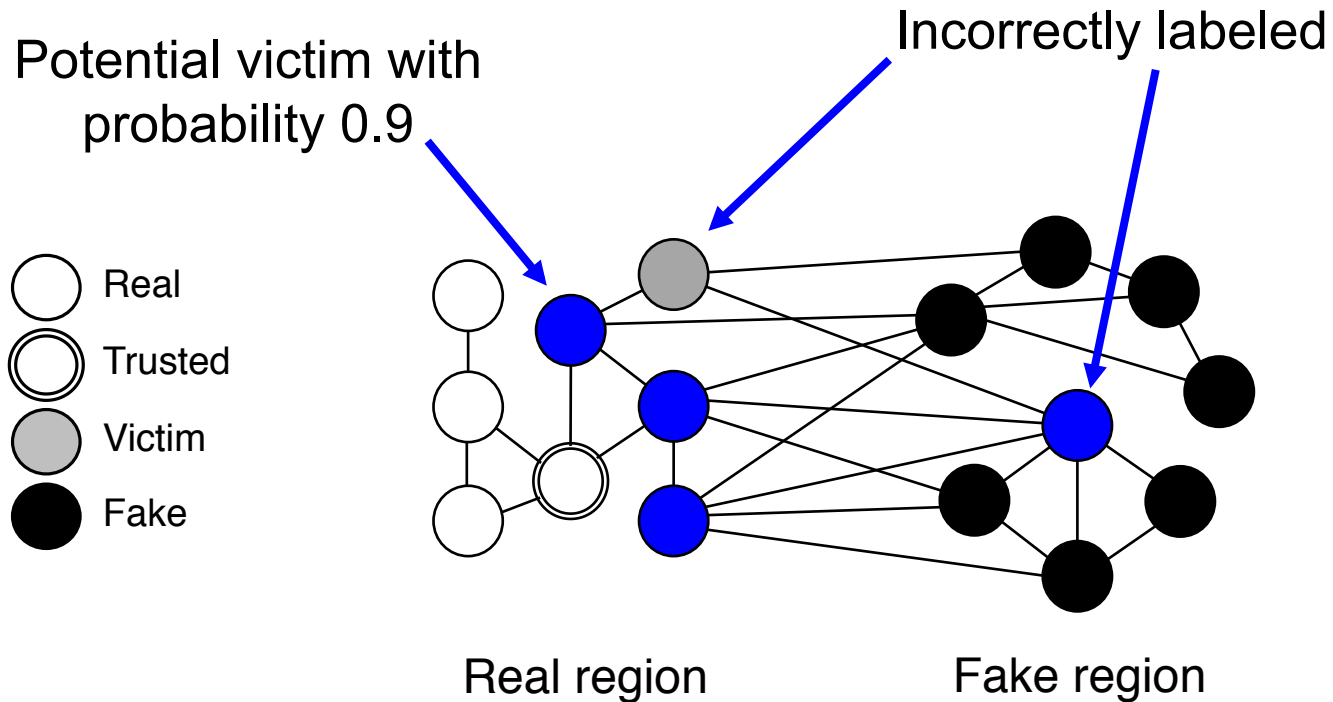
Hint: What if we integrate both?

50% of bots had more than 35 attack edges

Premise: Regions can be tightly connected

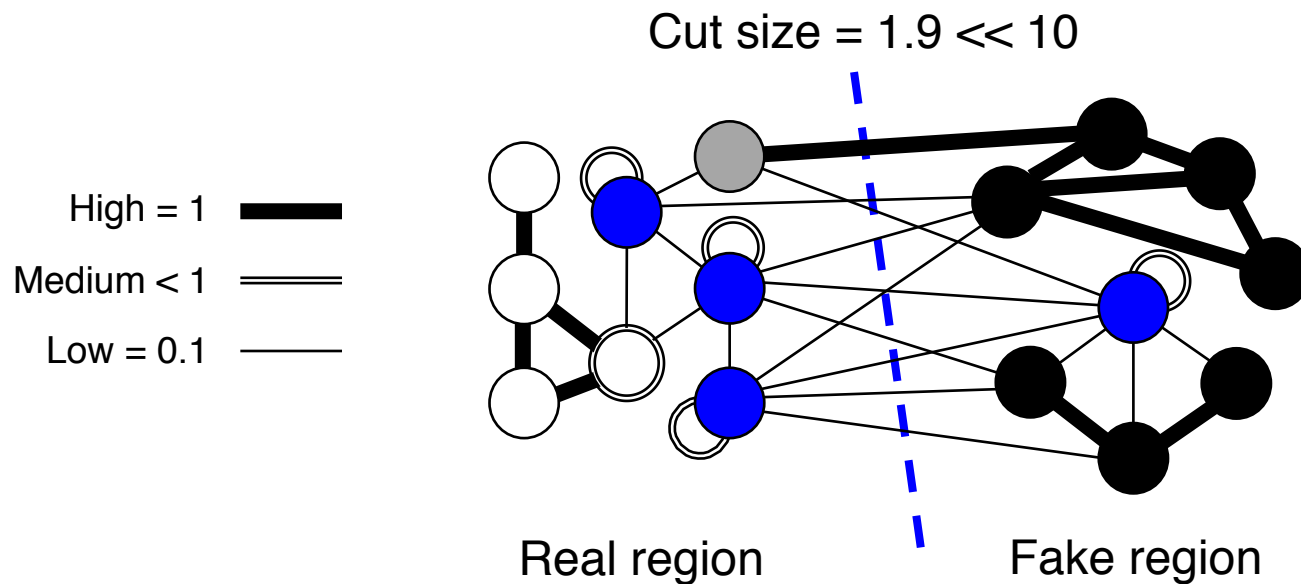


Identify potential victims with some probability



Potential victims are real accounts that are likely to be victims

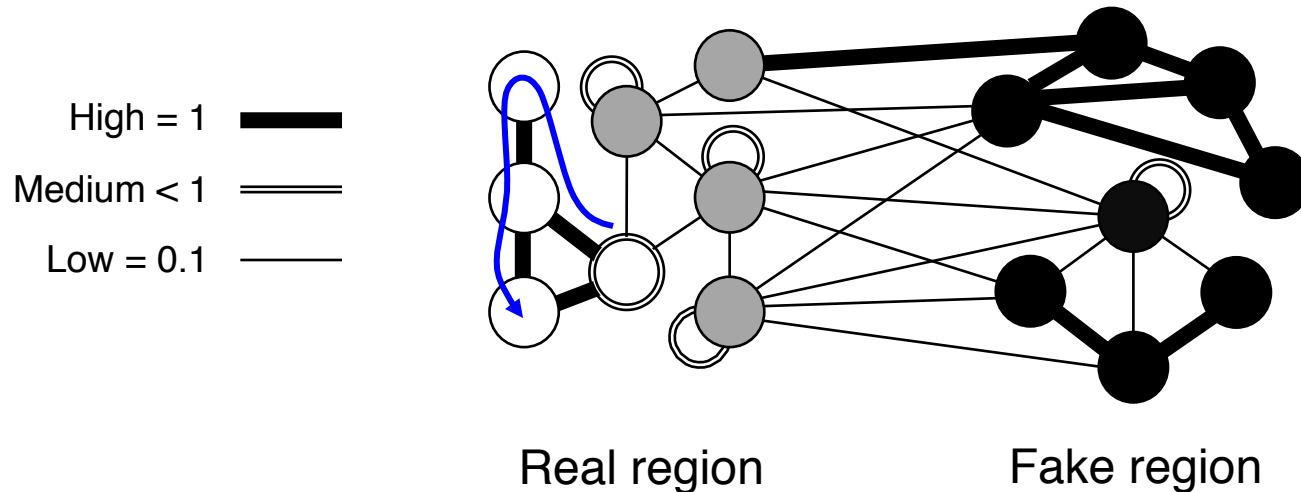
Leverage victim prediction to reduce cut size



Assign lower weight to edges incident to potential victims

Delimit the real region by ranking accounts

Ranks computed from landing probability of a short random walk



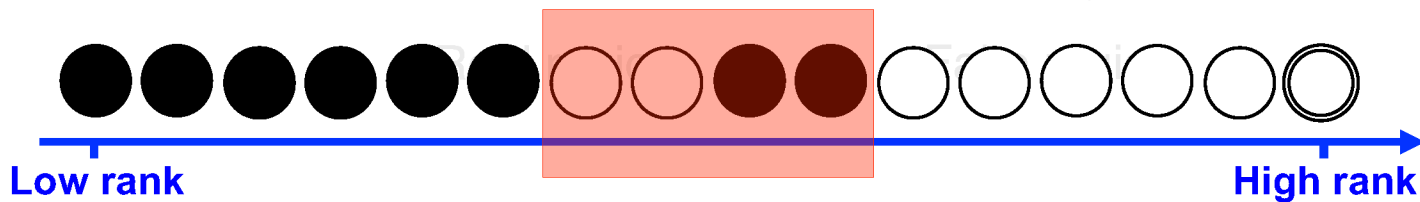
Most real accounts are ranked higher than fake accounts

(Bound on ranking quality)

Ranks computed from landing probability of a short random walk

Number of fake accounts that rank equal to or higher than real accounts is $O(\text{vol}(E_A) \log n)$ where $\text{vol}(E_A) \leq |E_A|$

High = 1
Medium < 1
Low = 0.1

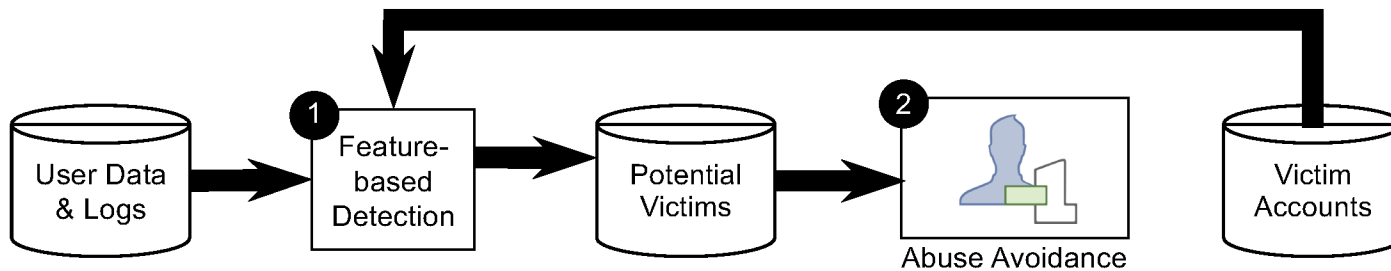


Most real accounts are ranked higher than fake accounts

Assuming a fast mixing real region and an attacker who establishes attack edges at random

Integro: Victim classification

Identifies potential victims in $O(n \log n)$ time



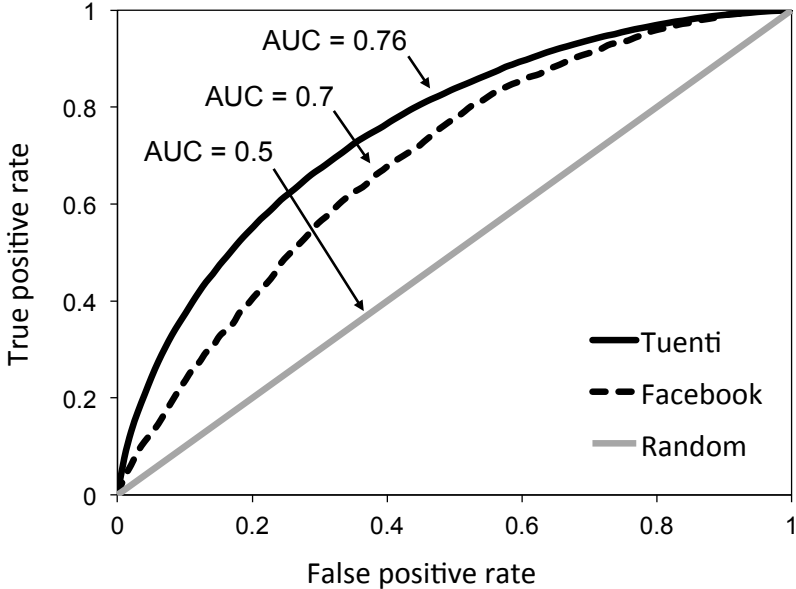
Pros:

- ⊙ Proactive protection
- ⊙ Near real-time responses
- ⊙ Scales to millions of users
- ⊙ Hard to circumvent

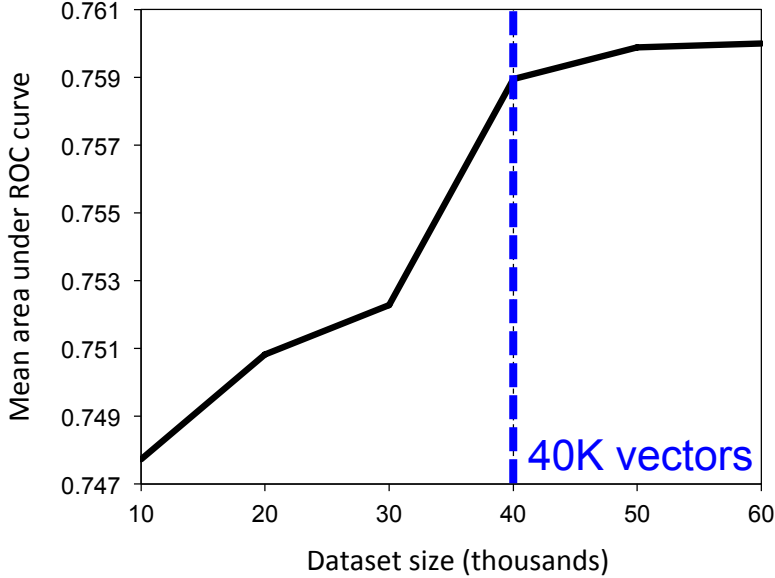
Cons:

- ⊙ Doesn't identify fakes
- ⊙ May introduce usability issues
- ⊙ Not provably secure

Victim classification is feasible using low-cost features



Random Forests (RF) achieves up to 52% better than random



No need to train on more than 40K feature vectors on Tuenti

Integro: User account ranking

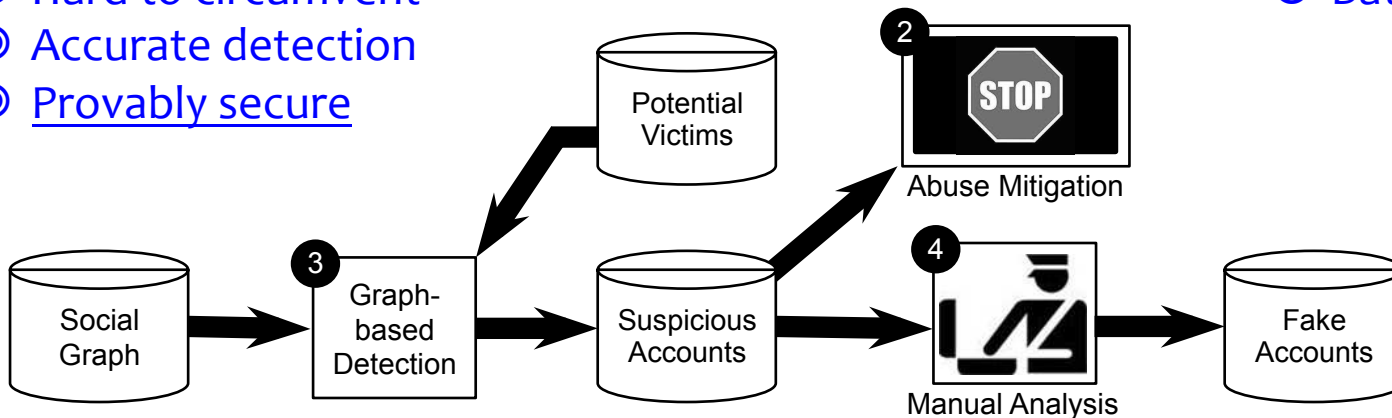
Integrates victim classification (labels + probabilities) into graph as edge weights

Pros:

- ⊙ Scales to millions of users
- ⊙ Hard to circumvent
- ⊙ Accurate detection
- ⊙ Provably secure

Cons:

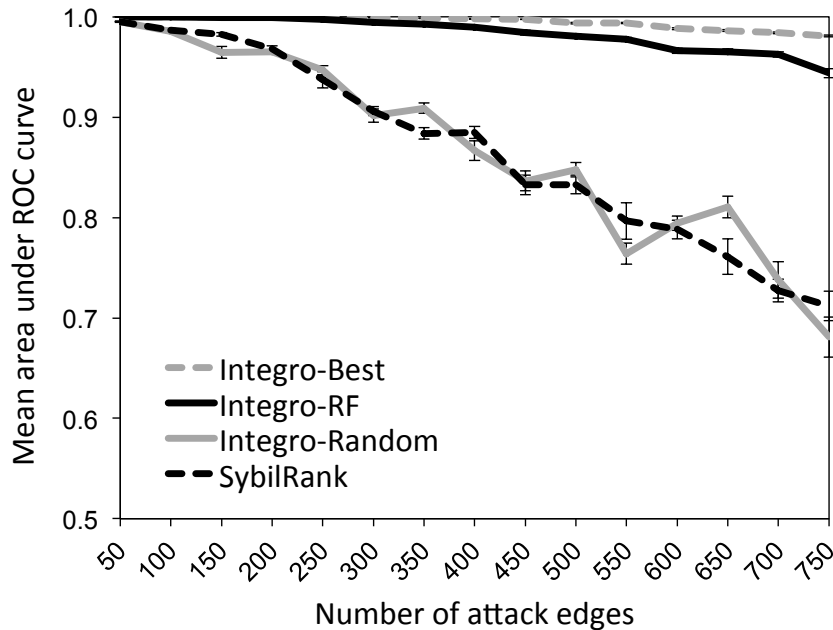
- ⊙ Reactive protection
- ⊙ Batch processed



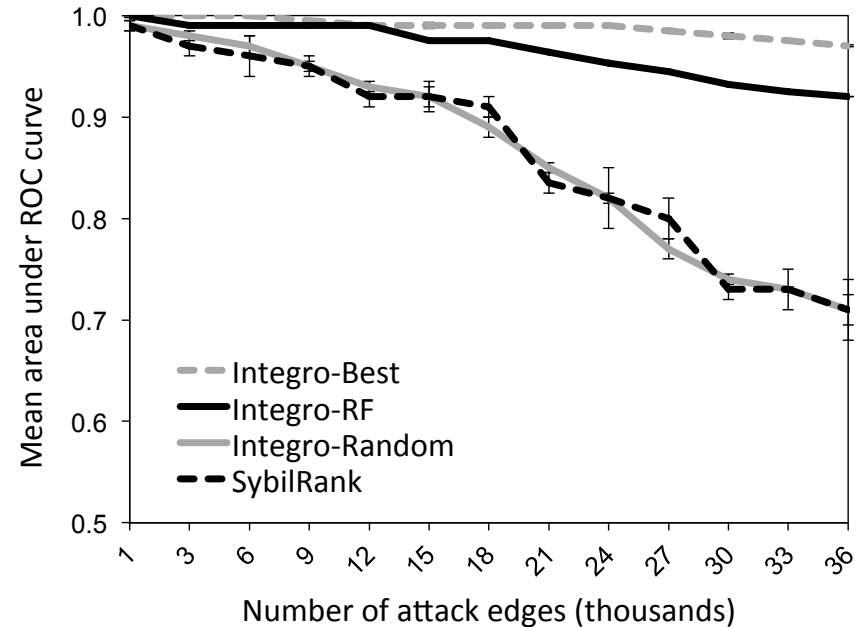
Ranks accounts based on a *short* random walk in $O(n \log n + m)$ time

Ranking is resilient to infiltration

Integro delivers up to 30% higher AUC, and AUC is always > 0.92



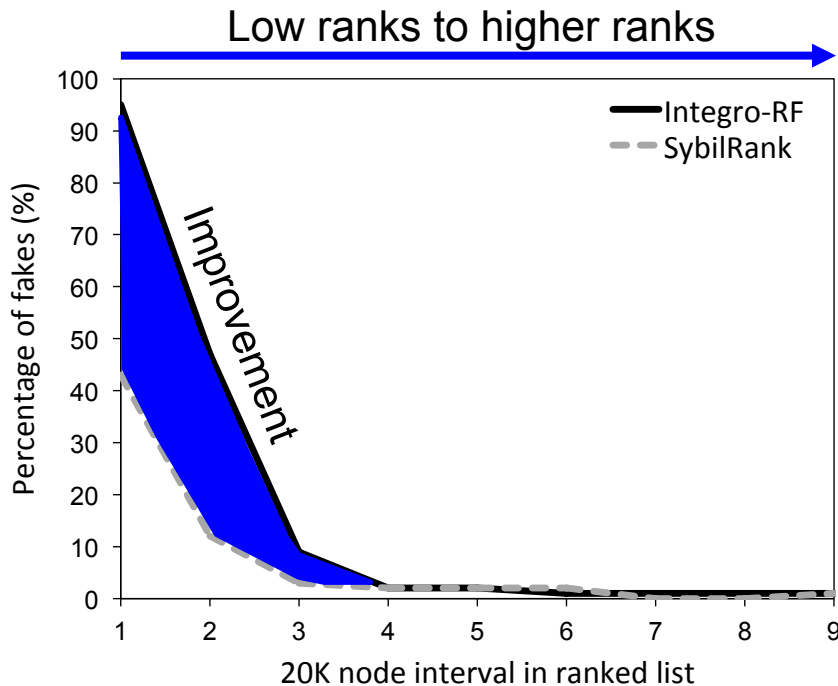
Targeted-victim attack



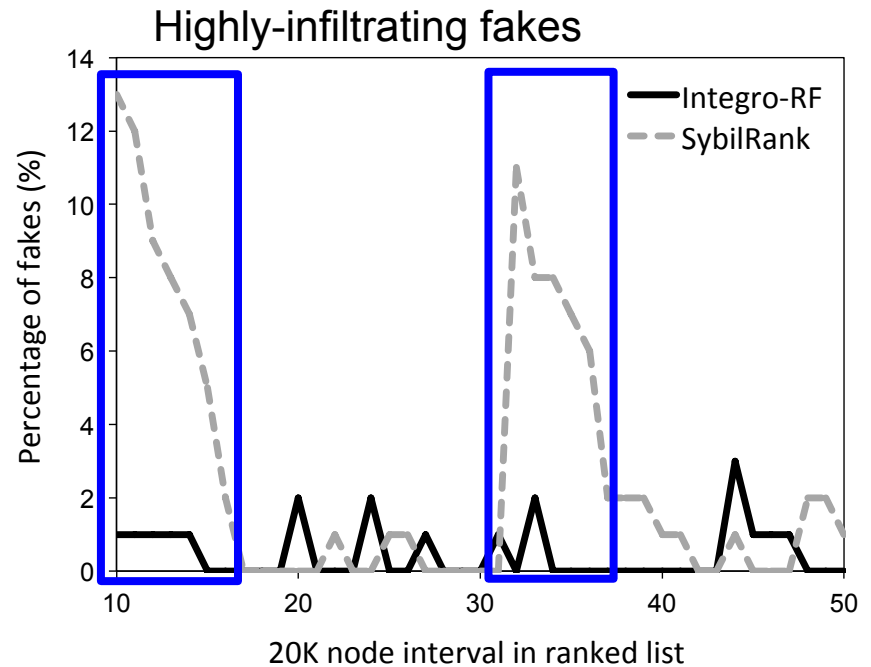
Random-victim attack

Deployment at Tuenti confirms results

Integro delivers up to an order or magnitude better precision



Precision at lower intervals



Precision at higher intervals

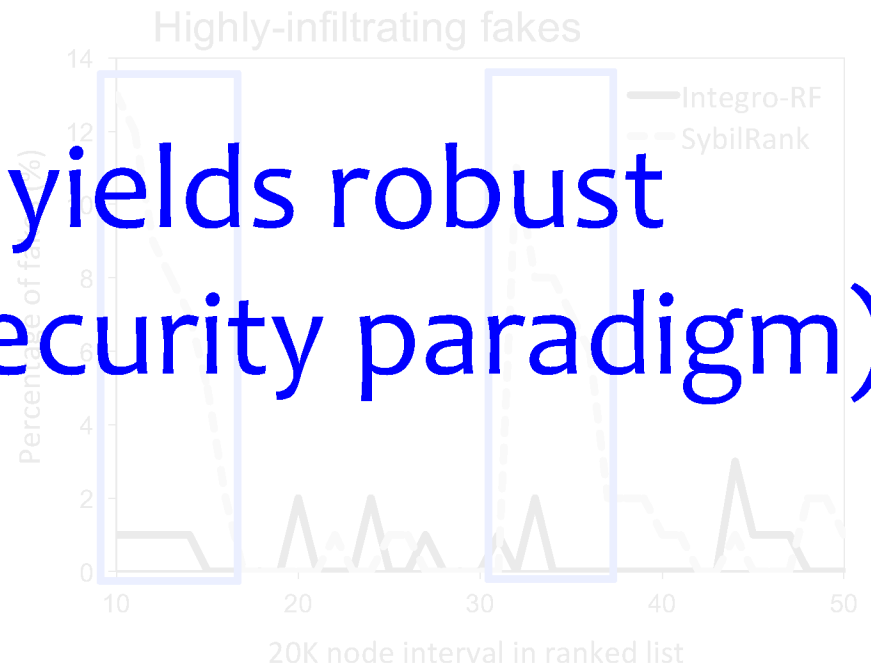
Deployment at Tuenti confirms results

Integro delivers up to an order or magnitude better precision

Victim prediction yields robust detection (new security paradigm)



Precision at lower intervals



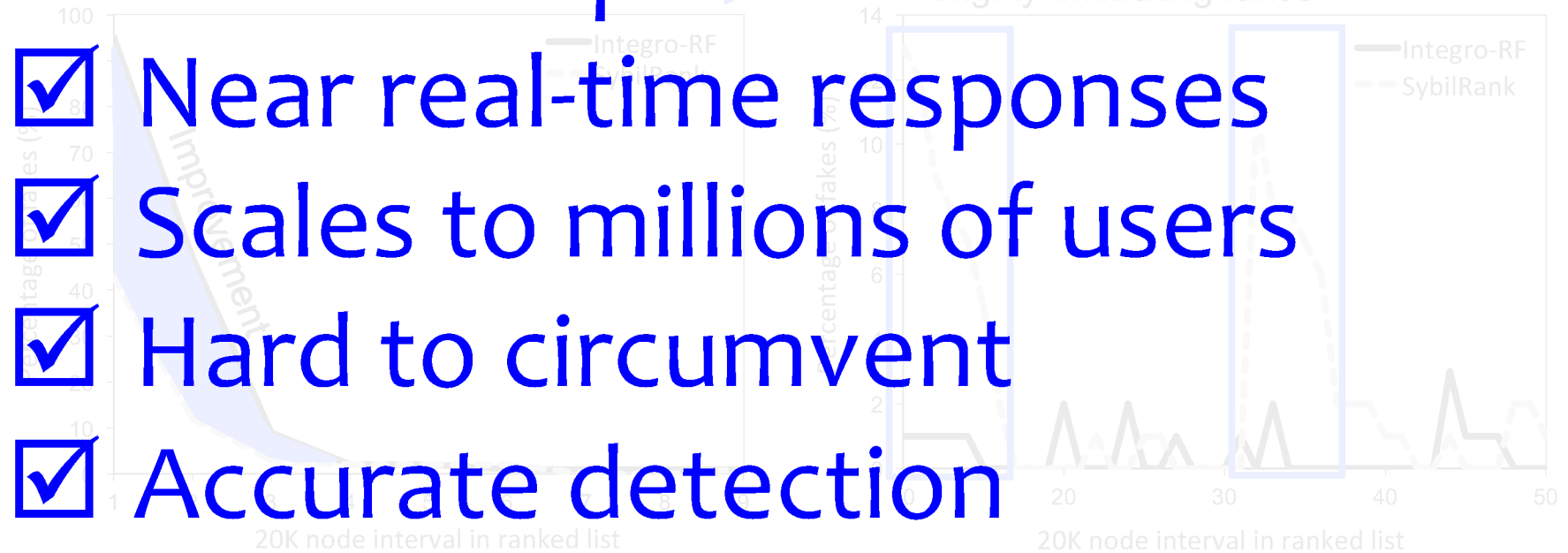
Precision at higher intervals

Deployment at Tuenti confirms results

In conclusion, Integro achieves:

Integro delivers up to an order or magnitude better precision

- ✓ Proactive protection
- ✓ Near real-time responses
- ✓ Scales to millions of users
- ✓ Hard to circumvent
- ✓ Accurate detection
- ✓ Provably secure

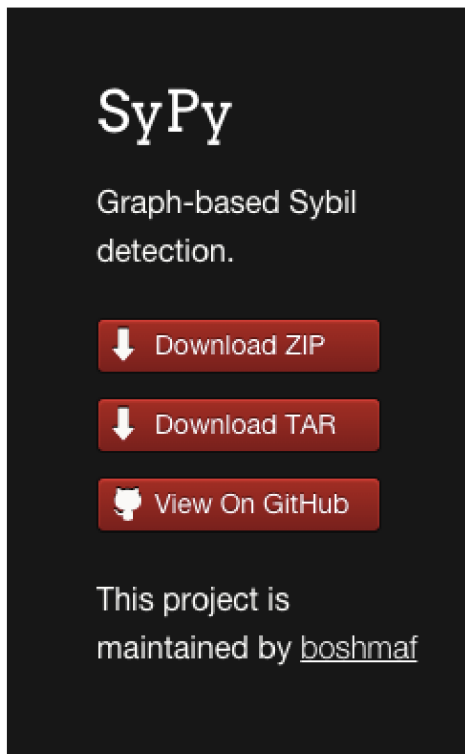


Precision at lower intervals

Precision at higher intervals

Fork or clone Integro now!

SyPy and Integro are publicly released



SyPy
Graph-based Sybil detection.

Download ZIP
Download TAR
View On GitHub

This project is maintained by [boshmaf](#)



grafos

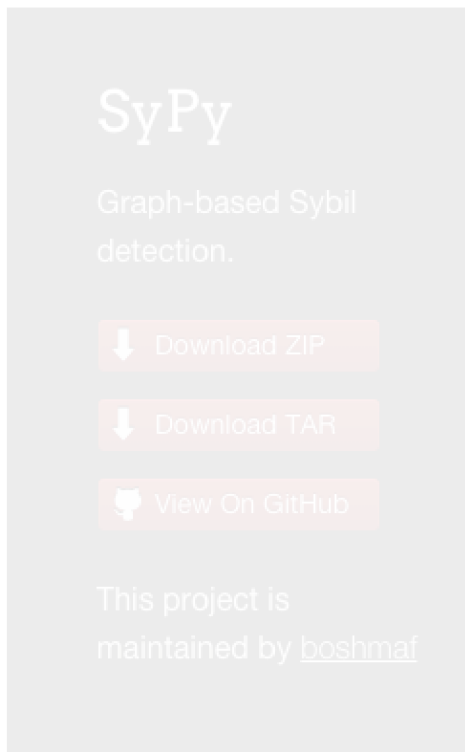
All you can Eat Giraph.

<http://boshmaf.github.io/sypy>

<https://grafos.ml>

Fork or clone Integro now!

SyPy and Integro are publicly released



SyPy

Graph-based Sybil detection.

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Backup



grafos

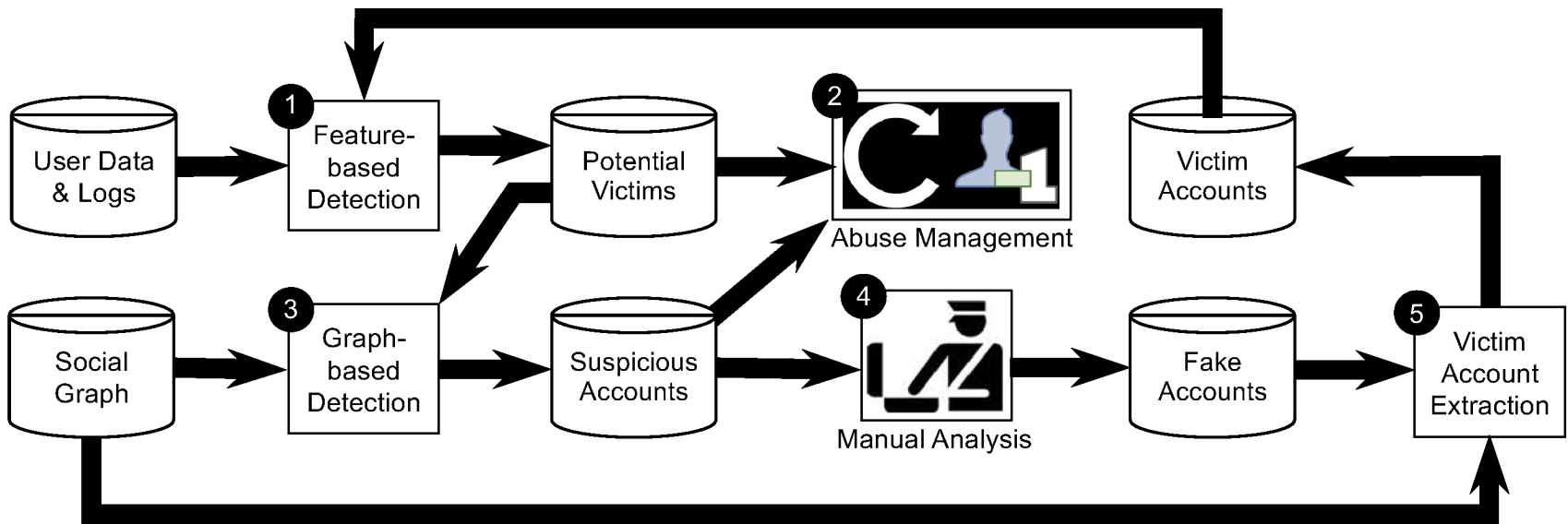
All you can Eat Giraph.

<http://boshmaf.github.io/sypy>

<https://grafos.ml>

Integro in a nutshell

Uses distributed machine learning and graph processing infrastructure



Runs in $O(n \log n + m)$ time end-to-end



Datasets

- Labeled feature vectors
 - 8.8K public Facebook profiles (32% victims)
 - 60K full Tuenti profiles (50% victims)
- Graph samples
 - Time stamped infiltration targeting 2.9K real accounts, with 65 fakes and 748 attack edges
 - 6.1K real accounts

Feature engineering

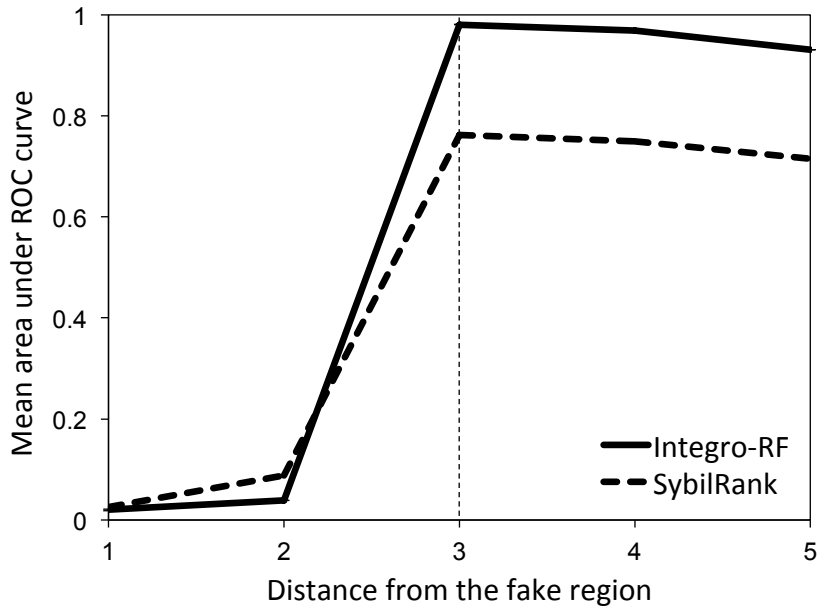
Most important features

Feature	Brief description	Type	RI Score (%)	
			Facebook	Tuenti
<i>User activity:</i>				
Friends	Number of friends the user had	Numeric	100.0	84.5
Photos	Number of photos the user shared	Numeric	93.7	57.4
Feed	Number of news feed items the user had	Numeric	70.6	60.8
Groups	Number of groups the user was member of	Numeric	41.8	N/A
Likes	Number of likes the users made	Numeric	30.6	N/A
Games	Number of games the user played	Numeric	20.1	N/A
Movies	Number of movies the user watched	Numeric	16.2	N/A
Music	Number of albums or songs the user listened to	Numeric	15.5	N/A
TV	Number of TV shows the user watched	Numeric	14.2	N/A
Books	Number of books the user read	Numeric	7.5	N/A
<i>Personal messaging:</i>				
Sent	Number of messages sent by the user	Numeric	N/A	53.3
Inbox	Number of messages in the user's inbox	Numeric	N/A	52.9
Privacy	Privacy level for receiving messages	5-Categorical	N/A	9.6
<i>Blocking actions:</i>				
Users	Number of users blocked by the user	Numeric	N/A	23.9
Graphics	Number of graphics (photos) blocked by the user	Numeric	N/A	19.7
<i>Account information:</i>				
Last updated	Number of days since the user updated the profile	Numeric	90.77	32.5
Highlights	Number of years highlighted in the user's time-line	Numeric	36.3	N/A
Membership	Number of days since the user joined the OSN	Numeric	31.7	100
Gender	User is male or female	2-Categorical	13.8	7.9
Cover picture	User has a cover picture	2-Categorical	10.5	< 0.1
Profile picture	User has a profile picture	2-Categorical	4.3	< 0.1
Pre-highlights	Number of years highlighted before 2004	Numeric	3.9	N/A
Platform	User disabled third-party API integration	2-Categorical	1.6	< 0.1

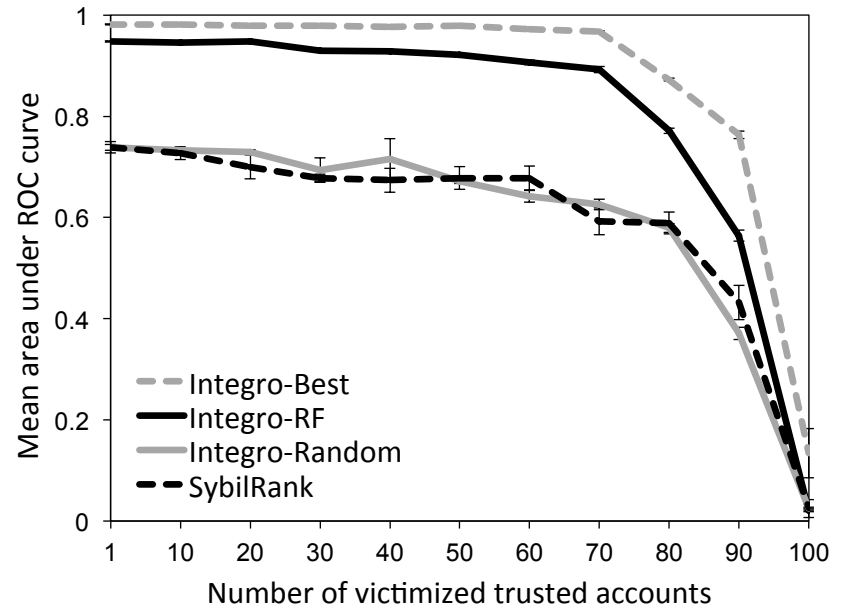
18 features(Facebook), 14 features (Tuenti)

Sensitivity to seed-targeting

Both systems are sensitive to seed-targeting attack, follow seed selection strategy



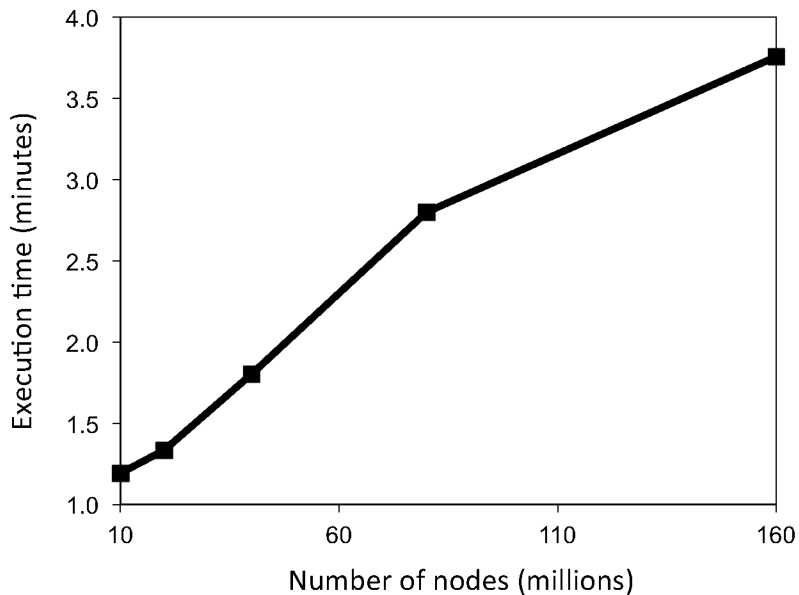
Distant-seed attack



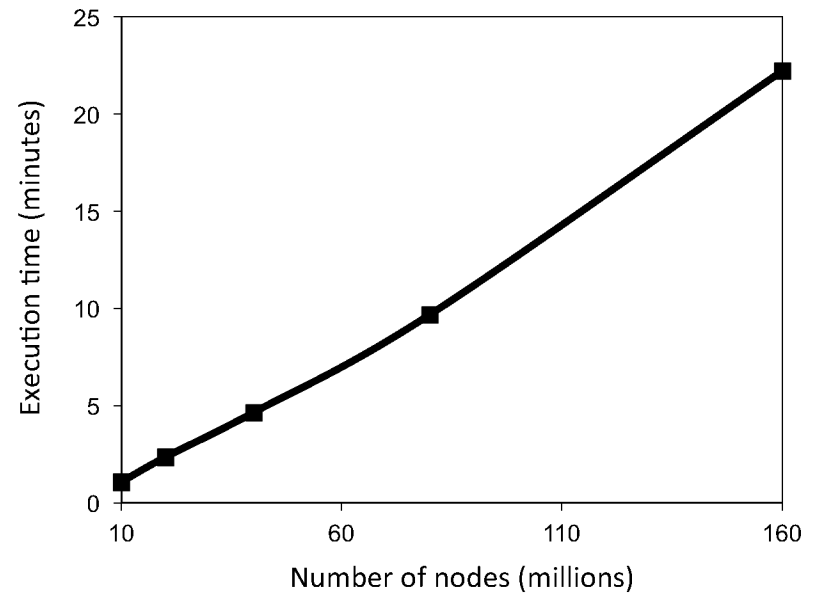
Random-seed attack

Scalability

Near linear scalability with number of accounts



RF is “embarrassingly parallel”



Ranking is “PageRank scalable”